

# WirelessHART<sup>®</sup> Toxic & Combustible Gas Detector P/N: TCD50H1A

Installation and Maintenance Instructions





IM TCD50-02

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United Electric Controls provides these installation and maintenance instructions for the UE Vanguard WirelessHART toxic & combustible gas detector solely. The end-user is responsible for maintaining the Vanguard WirelessHART toxic & combustible gas detector in full, operational condition. All warnings must be thoroughly read, understood and followed.

Misuse of this device and failure to adhere to all warnings could result in:

- the device not performing as intended,
- risk of explosion,
- risk of losing consciousness or death.

The following symbols are used within this document:



International Hazard Warning symbol. Directions require strict adherence.

International Toxic Hazard symbol. Exposure may lead to loss of consciousness or death.



International Flammable Material Hazard symbol. Exposure to flammable materials in closed areas may lead to explosion, loss of consciousness or death.

United Electric Controls reserves the right to change published specifications and designs without prior notice.

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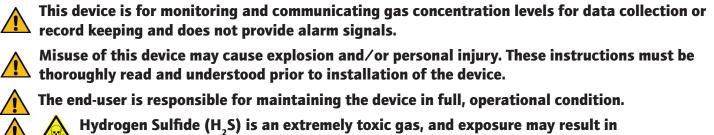
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Please read all instructional literature carefully and thoroughly before starting



### **1.0 GENERAL**



loss of consciousness or death.



Methane ( $CH_4$ ) is a greenhouse gas and is extremely flammable. Exposure in closed areas may cause explosion, and result in loss of consciousness or death.

Avoid dropping the device as loosening of the threaded flame-proof joints or permanent damage may occur.

New sensors must be calibrated after installation (see Section 3.2).

Hydrogen Sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) sensors require a warm-up period. Do not calibrate a new Hydrogen Sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) sensor immediately after installation or if the device had been powered down (see Section 2.2).

When not in use, the device should be stored in a clean, dry area and within the temperature range listed within the device's environmental specifications.

## **1.1 Device Overview**

The device is an explosion-proof and intrinsically safe, WirelessHART point gas detector used for the detection and monitoring of harmful gases in air, in order to help maintain a safe environment. A field-interchangeable gas sensor module (see Figure 1) provides detection of hydrogen sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) or methane ( $CH_4$ ) gas. Gas measurement readings in parts per million (ppm) or lower explosive limit (%LEL) are communicated along with network and battery status (see Figure 2) via a local, digital display, and WirelessHART 7.2 communication protocol. The device seamlessly integrates with existing supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) or asset management (AMS) systems.



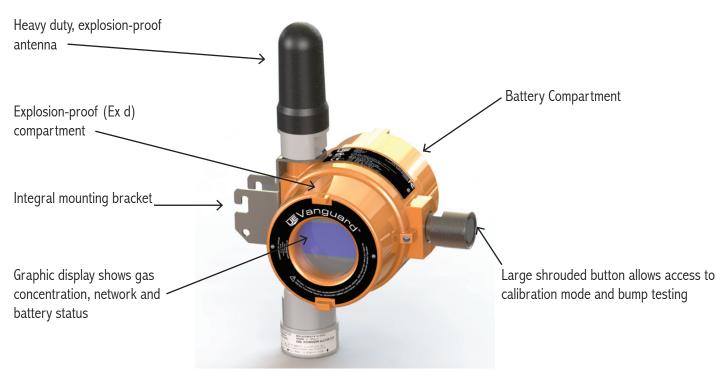
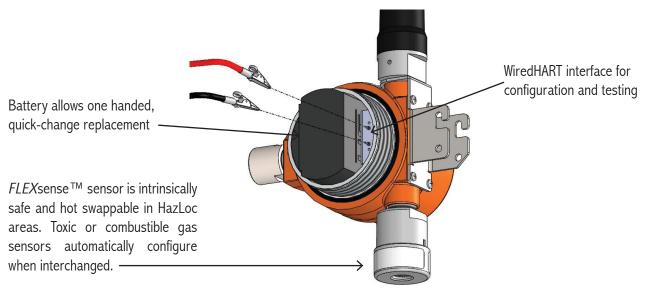


Figure 1



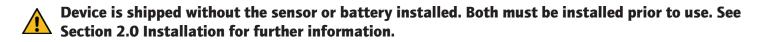




## **1.2 Device Packaging**

The device may be shipped in one of the following two configurations. Please ensure that you have all items before proceeding with installation and operation.

- 1. Base unit and mounting bracket kit with toxic or combustible sensor (see Figure 3).
- 2. Base unit and mounting bracket kit only (see Figure 4).

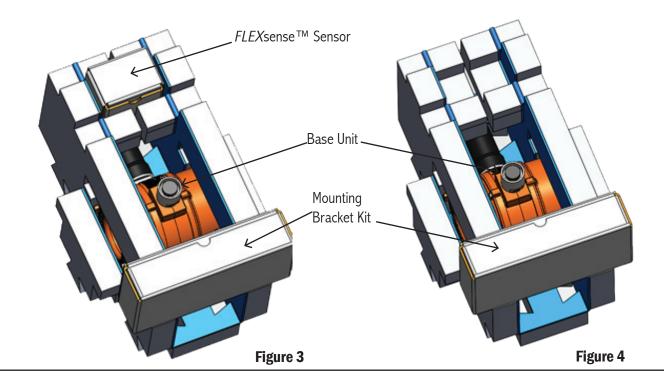


### 1.2.1 Sensors

One *FLEX* sense<sup>TM</sup> sensor is shipped (but uninstalled) with the base unit (if ordered in that configuration). Additional, spare *FLEX* sense<sup>TM</sup> sensors may be ordered and will ship separately.

## 1.2.2 Battery

The battery pack is shipped separately from the base unit as it contains lithium which is regulated in transportation by the U.S. Department of Transportation, the International Air Transport Association, International Civil Aviation Organization, and European Ground Transportation of Dangerous Goods.





#### **1.3 Device Approvals**

This device is suitable for Class I, Divisions 1 & 2, Groups C and D; or non-hazardous Iocations only. -20 °C (-4 °F) ≤ Tamb. ≤ 60 °C (140°F). Type 4X and IP64\*\*.

This product is ATEX and IECEx certified for equipment category 2. Suitable for appropriate use in gas zone 1.



The only field replaceable part is the *FLEX* sense™ sensor. Any substitution of components other than the battery and gas sensor module will invalidate third-party issued approvals and certifications, and may impair suitability for Class I, Division 1 location.



#### **Global Certification**

IECEx ETL 16.0016 Ex db ia IIB T4 Gb -20°C <Ta<+60°C\*



#### **EU Certification** II 2 G Ex db ia IIB T4 Gb

IP64\*\* CE<sub>0539</sub> ITS16ATEX18474 -20°C <Ta<+60°C\*



#### North American Certification Class I Div. 1, Groups C & D, T4

USA: Class I, Zone 1, AEx db ia IIB T4 Gb Enclosure Type 4X\*\*

Canada: Class I, Zone 1, Ex db ia IIB T4 Gb -20°C <Ta<+60°C\*

\*Ambient operating temperature range may vary with sensor type. See bulletin for sensor specifications. \*\*Enclosure type 4X and IP64 rating excludes sensors.

UE declarations and third-party issued agency certifications are available for download at: www.ueonline.com/prod\_approval.



#### The device has been certified in accordance with the applicable requirements of the following standards:

Standard	Issue Date	Title
Conform to IEC 60079-0:2011	2011/06/22 (6th Edition)	Explosive Atmospheres - Part 0: Equipment General Requirements
Conform to IEC 60079-1:2014	2014/06/27 (7th Edition)	Explosive Atmospheres - Part 1: Equipment Protection by Flameproof Enclosures "d"
Conform to IEC 60079-11:2011	2011/06/30 (6th Edition)	Explosive Atmospheres - Part 11: Equipment protection by intrinsic safety "i"
Conform to IEC 60086-4:2014	2014/09/03 (4th Edition)	Primary batteries - Part 4: Safety of lithium batteries
Conform to IEC 61010-1	2010	Electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use; Part 1: General requirements
Conform to EN 55011:2009+A1:2010	2010/01/31	Industrial, scientific and medical equipment. Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics. Limits and methods of measurement
Conform to EN 60079-0	2011/06/22 (6th Edition)	Explosive Atmospheres - Part 0: Equipment General Requirements
Conform to EN 60079-1:2014	2014/06/27 (7th Edition)	Explosive Atmospheres - Part 1: Equipment Protection by Flameproof Enclosures "d"
Conform to EN 60079-11:2012	2012/01/31 (6th Edition)	Explosive Atmospheres - Part 11: Equipment Protection by intrinsic safety "i"
Conform to EN 61326-1:2013	2013/02/28	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. EMC requirements. General requirements
Certified to CSA C22. 2 60079-0	2011/12/01	Explosive Atmospheres Part 0: Equipment General requirements
Certified to CSA C22.2 60079-1	2011/12/01	Explosive Atmospheres Part 11: Equipment protection by intrinsic safety "d"
Certified to CSA C22.2 60079-11	2011/12/01	Explosive Atmospheres Part 11: Equipment protection by intrinsic safety "i"
Certified to CSA C22.2 61010-1-12	2012/5/11	Electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use; Part 1: General requirements
Conform to UL 60079-1	2009/04/10 (Edition 6)	UL standard for safety electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres Part 1: Flameproof Enclosures "d"
Conform to UL 913	2013/12/06 (Edition 8)	Intrinsically safe apparatus and associated apparatus for use in Class I, II and III, Division I Hazardous (Classified) Locations
Conform to UL 1203	2013/11/22 (Edition 5)	Explosion Proof and Dust Ignition proof electrical equipment for use in hazardous (Classified) Locations.
Conform to UL 61010-1	2012/5/11 (Edition 3)	Electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use; Part 1: General requirements
FCC Rule Part 15b		Declaration of Conformity (DoC) & Verification



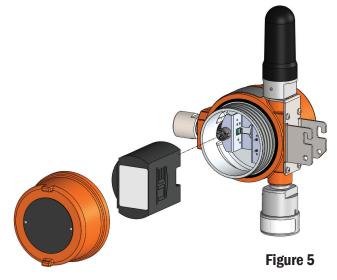
# **2.0 INSTALLATION**

### **2.1 Battery Installation**

Removal of the battery compartment cover is prohibited in the hazardous area. Only battery packs provided by United Electric Controls are compatible with this device. Battery should be removed and stored when the device is not in use. Batteries are not rechargeable.

The battery pack contains two Lithium-Thionyl Chloride D size cells, with a nominal output voltage of 7.2V.

- 1. Loosen the locking screw of the battery compartment cover with a 7/64" Allen wrench.
- 2. Unscrew the solid, back cover from the battery compartment and set aside.
- 3. Remove the battery pack from its packaging.
- 4. Align battery pack so connection on the pack lines up with connection in the enclosure.
- 5. Slide the battery pack into the enclosure until it latches in place as shown in Figure 5.



6. The device is now powered and will show the word STARTING along with the hardware and software versions on the front panel display while initial boot-up completes (see Figure 6).





**Figure 6** 

7. When hardware and software boot-up is complete, the front panel display will display the device name, HART long tag, and the software version, along with an instruction to push button to show gas concentration (see Figure 7).



- 8. The device is now ready to be configured for deployment into the wireless network (see Section 2.8 Network Configuration).
- 9. Once configuration is complete, secure cover onto enclosure by tightening until all threads have been fully engaged to ensure proper ingress protection.
- 10. Tighten the locking screw on the battery compartment cover with a 7/64" Allen wrench.



## 2.2 Sensor Installation

Only *FLEX*sense<sup>™</sup> sensors provided by United Electric Controls are compatible with this device.

Do not attempt to disassemble the sensor as this could damage the sensor and void hazardous location approvals, and manufacturer warranty.

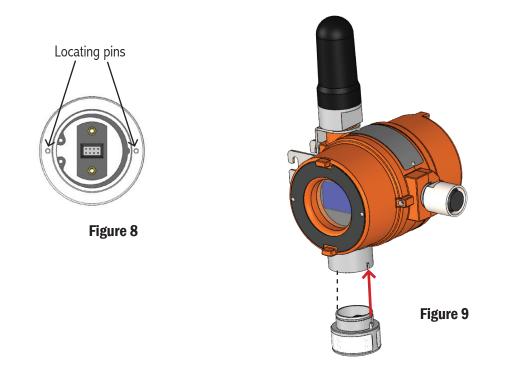
Sensors must be activated after installation.



Hydrogen Sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) sensors require a warm-up period and must be allowed to stabilize prior to sensor calibration. Calibration is not recommended at temperatures above 35°C.

Sensors are packaged fully assembled and require simple installation into the base unit. Toxic ( $H_2S$ ) sensors are comprised of an electrochemical sensor packaged into a stainless steel housing. Combustible ( $CH_4$ ) sensors are comprised of an infrared sensor packaged into a stainless steel housing. These are consumable, field replaceable parts (see Section 4.1, Sensor Replacement).

- 1. Remove the protective end cap cover from the sensor housing on the base unit.
- 2. Remove *FLEX*sense<sup>™</sup> sensor from packaging.
- 3. Align the locating pins (see Figure 8) on the *FLEX* sense<sup>™</sup> sensor to the keyed positions on the sensor housing (see Figure 9).
- 4. Insert the sensor. You will feel and hear a click that ensures the sensor has been inserted correctly.





5. An activation message will appear on the display prompting the user to activate the sensor prior to use, and as a reminder that the new sensor may require calibration. In the case of the H<sub>2</sub>S sensor (only), there is an associated warm-up period (see Table 2 for recommended sensor stabilization).

Temperature	Recommended Stabilization Time
-20°C	.5 hours
22°C	6 hours
35°C	24 hours

Table 2

**NOTE**: If the sensor or battery are momentarily removed from the device, and the sensor had been powered prior to the interruption, the warm-up period does not apply.

6. The sensor is self-configuring with the device and once booted up (see Section 2.8 Network Configuration) will display the proper gas concentration in ppm or %LEL.

## **2.3 Sensor Placement Considerations**

Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) is an extremely toxic gas, and exposure may result in loss of consciousness or death.

Methane (CH<sub>4</sub>) is a greenhouse gas and is extremely flammable. Exposure in closed areas may cause explosion, and result in loss of consciousness or death.

This device must be mounted vertically with the sensor pointing downward.

(III) This device is suitable for Class I, Divisions 1 & 2, Groups C and D; or non-hazardous locations only.
-20 °C (-4 °F) ≤ Tamb. ≤ 60 °C\* (140°F). Enclosure Type 4X and IP64\*\*



#### This device is ATEX and IECEx certified for equipment category 2. Suitable for appropriate use in

#### gas zone 1.

\*Ambient operating temperature range may vary with sensor type. See bulletin for sensor specifications. \*\*Enclosure type 4X and IP64 rating excludes sensors.

Individual applications need to be assessed for correct sensor placement. The target gas needs to be determined along with the gas density, and potential coverage area.



For gases that are heavier than air, sensor installation is recommended near the ground and below the potential leak source.

For gases that are lighter than air, sensor installation is recommended near the ceiling (in an enclosed space) and above the potential leak source.



Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS), a division of the American Chemical Society, is the world's authority for chemical information. Please consult their database at www.cas.org for chemical properties of gas.

Other factors to consider include but are not limited to:

- Location takes into account gas leak source, pressure of release, temperature, and distance to sensor.
- Air flow prevailing winds, velocity, fans, exhaust ducts that could affect detection.
- Environmental conditions other than air flow; such as exposure to water, snow, and dirt. Also temperature hot and cold and how that may affect the gas release.
- Maintenance Accessibility provide safe access for calibration and maintenance.

## 2.4 Sensor Cross Sensitivity

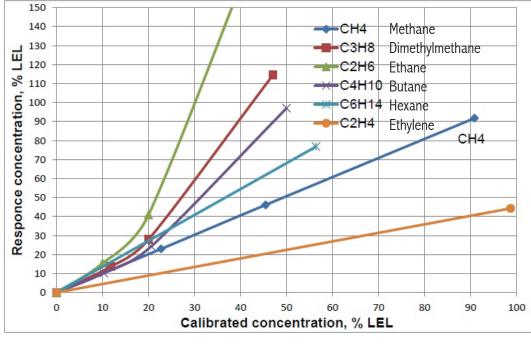
Depending on the type of sensor installed, the device has the ability to detect either Toxic ( $H_2S$ ) or Combustible ( $CH_4$ ) gas. The following table and graph demonstrate the typical cross sensitivities to other gases that may be present while monitoring Hydrogen Sulfide or Methane gas.

Gas	ppm Tested	Signal (as ppm H <sub>2</sub> S)
Carbon Monoxide	400	1.3
Hydrogen Sulfide	25	25.0
Ozone	5	-0.6
Nitrogen Dioxide	10	0.2
Sulfur Dioxide	20	3.5
Ethanol	200	-0.3
NO	50	15.9
Chlorine	10	-0.5
n-Heptane	500	-0.1
Ammonia	100	0.0
Methane	500	0.1

## 2.4.1 Typical Cross Sensitivity of Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S)







Graph 1

### **2.5 Classified Area Installation**

This device is suitable for Class I, Divisions 1 & 2, Groups C and D; or non-hazardous locations only. -20 °C (-4 °F)  $\leq$  Tamb.  $\leq$  60 °C\* (140°F). Enclosure Type 4X and IP64\*\*.

This device is ATEX and IECEx certified for equipment category 2. Suitable for appropriate use in gas zone 1.

Install device only into areas matching approvals on device labeling.

Do not remove the front (painted aluminum and glass) cover in hazardous area.

Install the device where shock, vibration and temperature fluctuations are minimal. Do not mount in ambient temperatures that exceed the limits on the device labeling.

This device is for monitoring and communicating gas concentration levels for data collection or record keeping and does not provide any alarm signals.

To prevent seizure of enclosure cover, do not remove lubricant. Threads should also be free of dirt, etc.

\*Ambient operating temperature range may vary with sensor type. See bulletin for sensor specifications. \*\*Enclosure type 4X and IP64 rating excludes sensors.



## **2.6 Field Mounting**

This device must be mounted vertically with the sensor pointing downward.

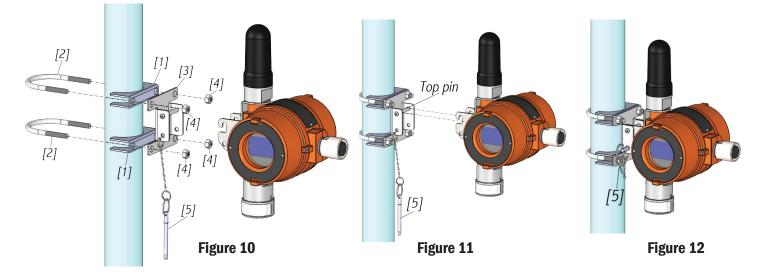
Install device where shock, vibration and temperature fluctuations are minimal. Do not mount in ambient temperatures that exceed the limits on the device labeling.

The mounting bracket attachment on this device is factory-installed and must not be removed as it may cause permanent damage to the antenna, the sensor assembly, and loosening of the threaded flame-proof joints. Removal will void hazardous location approvals, and manufacturer warranty.

This device may be mounted to either a vertical or horizontal pipe, or wall (flat surface) using factory-installed mounting bracket and included bracket hardware. The maximum pipe size for pipe mounting is 2".

## 2.6.1 Vertical Pipe Mounting

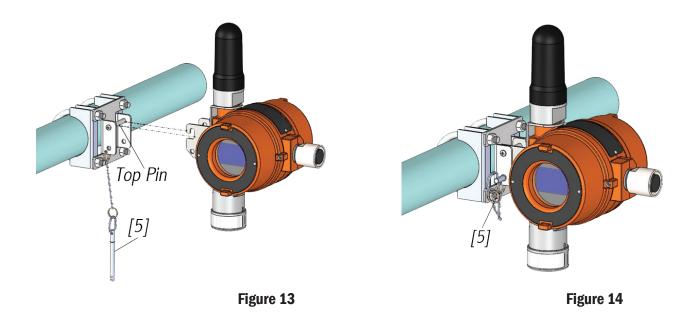
- 1. Remove hardware from packaging (see Figure 10).
- 2. Place one pipe mount adaptor [1] onto desired location horizontally on pipe and slide U-bolt [2] through holes.
- 3. Slide mounting bracket plate [3] onto U-bolt [2] and secure with (2x) hex nuts [4]. Do not tighten.
- 4. Repeat step 2 with second pipe mount adaptor [1] also sliding U-bolt [2] through mounting bracket plate [3] and securing with (2x) hex nuts [4].
- 5. Once position is set, tighten (4x) hex nuts using 1/2" wrench.
- 6. Mount device by hooking onto top pin of mounting bracket plate (see Figure 11).
- 7. Push attached pin [5] through bottom holes to secure device to the bracket (see Figure 12).





## 2.6.2 Horizontal Pipe Mounting

- 1. Remove hardware from packaging (see Figure 10).
- 2. Place one pipe mount adaptor [1] onto desired location vertically on pipe and slide U-bolt [2] through holes.
- 3. Slide mounting bracket plate [3] onto U-bolt [2] and secure with (2x) hex nuts [4]. Do not tighten.
- 4. Repeat step 2 with second pipe mount adaptor [1] also sliding U-bolt [2] through mounting bracket plate [3] and securing with (2x) hex nuts [4].
- 5. Once position is set, tighten (4x) hex nuts using 1/2" wrench.
- 6. Mount device by hooking onto top pin of mounting bracket plate (see Figure 13).
- 7. Push attached pin [5] through bottom holes to secure device to the bracket (see Figure 14).



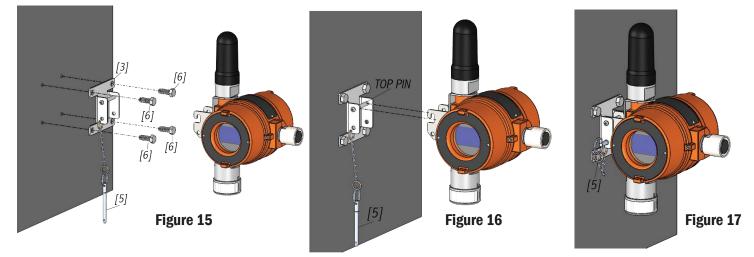


## 2.6.3 Wall Mounting

/1

#### Wall mounting could affect the signal strength of the device

- 1. Remove hardware from packaging (see Figure 15).
- 2. Hold mounting bracket plate [3] against wall/flat surface and screw tightly into place using (4x) mounting holes (0.40" dia.). **Note:** Mounting screws [6] not UE provided.
- 3. Mount device by hooking onto top pin of mounting bracket plate (see Figure 16).
- 4. Push attached pin [5] through bottom holes to secure device to the bracket (see Figure 17).



### 2.6.4 Device removal from mounting bracket plate

Removing the device from the mounting bracket plate for maintenance or calibration is simple.

- 1. Pull attached pin [5] through bottom holes using the pull ring.
- 2. Pull device up and unhook from mounting bracket plate [3].



## 2.7 Antenna Placement Considerations

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules: may not cause harmful interference; must accept any interference, including that which may cause undesired operation of the device.

To comply with IC RF exposure compliance requirements, the antenna used for this device must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20cm from all persons.

#### FCC ID SJC-ETERNA2 contains IC 5853(A)-ETERNA2 CE0976

#### Wall mounting could affect the signal strength of the device.

The antenna supplied with the device is an omnidirectional antenna, permanently affixed to the product. In order to facilitate communication with other WirelessHART devices as part of a wireless mesh network, it is recommended that the device be mounted with a minimum of obstructions and noise interference. The maximum range of communication between the device and other devices (instrumentation, repeaters, gateways) is 800 feet (244 meters).

## 2.8 Network Configuration

#### A Network ID and Join Key are required to communicate over the wireless network.

It is recommended that network configuration be performed prior to installation when applicable. The device must be configured to communicate over the wireless network. A Network ID and Join Key are required, and must match the Network ID and Join Key of the wireless Gateway and other wireless devices in the network.

This device sends critical gas concentration information reliably and securely via WirelessHART communication protocol, version 7.2. Configuration can be completed using any HART handheld communicator or directly into your control system using a HART modem. HART terminals are located inside the battery compartment and are clearly marked (see Figure 18).



#### Configuration of the gas detector must occur in the safe area as it requires removal of the battery compartment cover



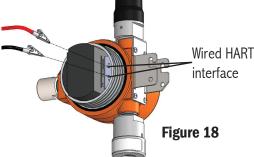
## 2.8.1 Download Device Description (DD)

Download the latest DD at www.ueonline.com to ensure optimum communication between HART devices, gateway and host system.

**Note:** HART Registration of this device is pending. When achieved, you will also be able to download the latest DD at www.hartcomm.org.

## 2.8.2 Using a Handheld HART Communicator

- 1. If not previously done (from installing the battery see Section 2.1 Battery Installation), unscrew the solid, back cover from the battery compartment and set aside.
- 2. Confirm battery installation or install battery (see Section 2.1 Battery Installation).
- 3. Push the button on the side of the device to activate the wired HART interface.
- 4. Connect wires from handheld HART communicator to HART terminals (see Figure 18).
- 5. The handheld HART communicator will search for a HART-compatible device and indicate if a connection was made.
- 6. Obtain the Network ID and Join Key of the wireless network you want the device to join. This information can be found under the Settings section on the web server supporting the wireless Gateway. Consult your wireless Gateway manual for additional information.



7. Navigating through the handheld HART communicator menu, choose Configure Network ID and enter the Network ID. You will use WirelessHART commands 773-Write Network ID and 774-Read Network ID.

**Note:** by using \*Quick Code 9, 2, 1 on the handheld HART communicator, you will be taken directly to the Configure Network ID choice.

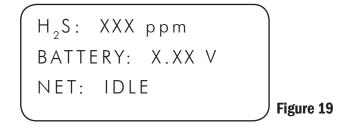
8. Navigating through the handheld HART communicator menu, choose Configure Join Key and enter the Join Key. You will use WirelessHART command 768-Write Join Key.

**Note:** by using \*Quick Code 9, 2, 2-9, 2, 5 on the handheld HART communicator, you will be taken directly to the Configure Join Key choice.

\*Quick Codes may not work with all handheld HART communicators.



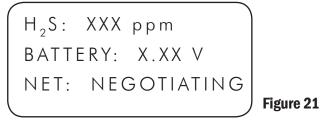
- 9. Upon inputting the network ID and join key, the device initializes connection with the network in the following phases. The phase status will be indicated on the device display.
  - A. Idle: The device is accepting configuration commands (see Figure 19).



B. Searching: Once the device receives a join command, it proceeds to the Searching mode. The device keeps its receiver activated while searching for available networks (see Figure 20).



C. Negotiating: The device has detected the desired network and has received a join request from the network manager (see Figure 21).



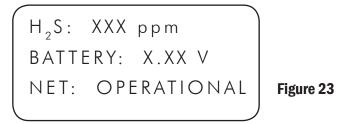
D. Connected: The device should now be joined to the network (see Figure 22). If the device fails to join the wireless mesh network, consult the Troubleshooting Guide (see Section 5.0).
 Note: Data transfer is not possible yet.



\*Quick Codes may not work with all handheld HART communicators.



E. Operational: When the device has sufficient bandwidth with the network manager, data transfer can occur and the device is operational (see Figure 23).



10. Disconnect wires from the HART terminals and secure cover onto enclosure by tightening until all threads have been fully engaged to ensure proper ingress protection.

#### 2.8.3 HART Modem

- 1. If not previously done (from installing the battery see Section 2.1 Battery Installation), unscrew the solid, back cover from the battery compartment and set aside.
- 2. Confirm battery installation or install battery (see Section 2.1 Battery Installation).
- 3. Push the button on the side of the device to activate the wired HART interface.
- Connect wires from HART Modem to HART terminals (see Figure 18).
   Note: The HART modem should be connected to a computer running HART compatible software.
- 5. Obtain the Network ID and Join Key of the wireless network you want the device to join. This information can be found under the Settings section on the web server supporting the wireless Gateway. Consult your wireless Gateway manual for additional information.
- 6. There are two ways to connect to the wireless mesh network.
  - 1. Identify the device icon on the Gateway software and drag and drop the icon onto the Gateway icon.
  - 2. Open the device menu options and enter the Network ID and Join Key manually.
- 7. Upon inputting the Network ID and Join Key, the device initializes connection with the network in the following phases. The phase status will be indicated on the device display. Refer to Figures 19-23.
- 8. If the device fails to join the wireless mesh network, consult the Troubleshooting Guide (see Section 5.0).
- 9. Disconnect wires from the HART terminals and secure cover onto enclosure by tightening until all threads have been fully engaged to ensure proper ingress protection.



# **3.0 OPERATION**

This device is for monitoring and communicating gas concentration levels for data collection or record keeping and does not provide alarm signals.

Misuse of this product may cause explosion and/or personal injury. These instructions must be thoroughly read and understood prior to installation of the unit.

The end-user is responsible for maintaining the device in full, operational condition.

This device is an explosion-proof and intrinsically safe, WirelessHART point gas detector used for the detection of harmful gases in air, in order to help maintain a safe environment. Gas measurement readings in parts per million (ppm) or lower explosive limit (%LEL) are communicated along with network and battery status via a local, digital display, and via WirelessHART 7.2 communication protocol.

## **3.1 Normal Operation**

Under normal operation, the four variables (Table 4) are communicated via WirelessHART 7.2 communication protocol every 32 seconds by default using burst message 0. The update rate is programmable from 8 seconds up to 3600 seconds. Up to three burst messages (0-2) can be configured using the device descriptor. The burst message transmits a chosen HART command to publish data. HART commands that can be burst include: 1, 2, 3, 9, 33, and 48. The default configuration uses command 9.

Device Variable	Process Variable	Units	Accessibility
Primary Variable (PV)	Gas Concentration	ppm or %LEL	Read
Secondary Variable (SV)*	Temperature	Degrees C	Read
Tertiary Variable (TV)	Days Since Calibration	Days	Read
Quaternary Variable (QV)	Battery Voltage	Volts	Read

\*Not available on Methane  $(CH_4)$  sensor.

Table 4

**Note:** At the device, via the local, digital display, two variables are communicated by pushing the button once – the PV and QV (see Table 4).

The following procedure should be used to configure a burst message:

- 1. Turn off any burst messages you wish to change prior to configuration.
- 2. Select the burst message and Hart command for publishing. Consider what update rate is to be used based on application. Faster update rates can impact battery life.

**Note:** A predefined setup can be used to automatically configure commands 9 and 48 for bursting with a default update rate of 32 seconds.

3. Enable burst messages.

The following quick codes can be used to configure burst messages using a handheld device:

- 1. Burst Setup (9,5,1) Allows configuration of the content of the burst message, and what update rates are to be used.
- 2. Burst Mode Start/Stop (9, 5,2) Turns on/off publishing of a selected burst message.
- Clear Burst Mode Data (9,5,3) Resets any configuration performed on a burst message.
   Note: Publishing must be turned off before a reset can be performed.
- 4. Burst Mode State (9,5,4) Displays which burst messages are configured.



## 3.2 Sensor Calibration & Bump Test



Thoroughly read and understand all Safety Data Sheets (SDS) and warnings associated with gases used for calibration and/or bump testing.

During sensor calibration mode, the device is not operational or communicating data. Proper care should be taken to ensure that surrounding environment is free of toxic or combustible gases. It is recommended that other gas detection be deployed during sensor calibration and/or bump testing to prevent explosion, serious injury or death.



#### Sensors must be activated before use.

Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) sensors require a warm-up period and must be allowed to stabilize prior to sensor calibration – see Section 2.2, Table 2. Calibration is not recommended at temperatures above 35°C.

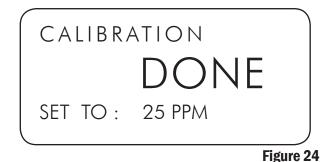
Depending upon the use of the device, you may need to perform a calibration check or a bump test. In either case, you are ensuring that the sensor will respond as intended to a predetermined, measured gas release. UE recommends that you follow your organization's best practices for gas detection sensor calibration and bump testing. The toxic gas sensor for Hydrogen Sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) is capable of measuring up to 100 ppm. The combustible gas sensor for Methane ( $CH_4$ ) is capable of measuring from 0-100% LEL.

## **3.2.1 Sensor Calibration**

1. Select and use a test gas cylinder of a known concentration of either  $H_2S$  or  $CH_4$ . The concentration of the test gas must be between 20% to 50% of the full scale range of the sensor.

**Note:** The device is configured at the factory to expect a test gas that is 25% of the full scale range. This configuration for test gas concentration can be changed using HART command 129.

- 2. Push the button to access the Gas Concentration screen on the local, digital display.
- 3. Attach the test gas to the sensor.
- 4. Apply the gas for a minimum of 2 minutes or until readings are stable.
- Push and hold the button for approximately 10 seconds. The device communicates to the network manager that the gas concentration reading is manually fixed (locally). The gas concentration reading is now updated every 5 seconds.
   Note: In the absence of a test gas (concentration falls below 10 ppm), the device disconnects from sensor display mode and returns back to operational mode after 5 minutes.
- Successful calibration will display 'Calibration Done' on the local, digital display (see Figure 24).
   Note: Unsuccessful calibration will display 'Calibration Failed' on the local, digital display. This indicates that the sensor reading is out of specification and a new sensor is required (see Section 4.1 Sensor Replacement).
- 7. Upon completion of sensor calibration, push the button once again to return to operational mode.





## 3.2.2 Bump Test

1. Select and use a test gas cylinder of a known concentration of either  $H_2S$  or  $CH_4$ .

**Note:** CH<sub>4</sub> sensors are maintenance-free and do not require calibration however UE does recommend periodic bump testing to assure optimum performance.

- 2. Push the button to access the Gas Concentration screen on the local, digital display.
- 3. Attach the test gas to the sensor.
- 4. Apply the gas and verify that the gas concentration reading on the local, digital display matches the concentration of the test gas.

**Note:** In the absence of a test gas (concentration falls below 10 ppm), the device disconnects from sensor display mode and returns back to operational mode after 5 minutes.

5. Push the button once again to return to operational mode.

## 3.3 Programming Mode

This section describes the HART Commands used in the device.

## **3.3.1 Universal Commands**

The Universal Commands are the minimum command set for all HART devices and provide access to information useful in normal device operation. Table 5 shows the supported Universal Commands for this device.

0	Read Unique Identifier
1	Read Primary Variable
2	Read Loop Current and Percent Range
3	Read Dynamic Variables and Loop Current
6	Write Polling Address
7	Read Loop Configuration
8	Read Dynamic Variable Classifications
9	Read Device Variables with Status
11	Read Unique Identifier Associated with Tag
12	Read Message
13	Read Tag, Descriptor, Date
14	Read Primary Variable Transducer Information
15	Read Device Information
16	Read Final Assembly Number
17	Write Tag, Descriptor, Date
19	Write Final Assembly Number
20	Read Long Tag
21	Read Unique Identifier Associated with Long Tag
22	Write Long Tag
38	Reset Configuration Changed Flag
48	Read Additional Device Status



## **3.3.2 Common Practice Commands**

The Common Practice Commands are an optional command set for HART devices. Table 6 shows the supported Common Practice Commands for this device.

33	Read Device Variables
34	Read Primary Variable Damping Value
35	Write Primary Variable Range Values
41	Perform Self Test
42	Perform Device Reset
44	Write Primary Variable Units
47	Write Primary Variable Transfer Func- tion
50	Read Dynamic Variable Assignment
51	Write Dynamic Variable Assignments
54	Read Device Variable Assignments
59	Write Number of Response Preambles
78	Read Aggregated Commands
79	Write Device Variables
90	Read Real-Time Clock
103	Write Burst Period
104	Write Burst Trigger
105	Read Burst Mode Configuration
106	Flush Delayed Response Buffers
107	Write Burst Device Variables
108	Write Burst Mode Command Number
109	Burst Mode Control
115	Read Event Notification Bit Mask
116	Write Event Notification Bit Mark
117	Write Event Notification Timing
118	Event Notification Control
119	Acknowledge Event Notification



## **3.3.3 Device Specific Commands**

The Device Specific Commands are commands unique to this device only. These commands are included in the Device Description (DD). Download the latest DD\* at www.ueonline.com to ensure optimum communication between HART devices, gateway and host system. Table 7 shows the supported Device Specific Commands for this device.

\*The downloaded files should be placed in a folder named with the manufacturer ID number and then a child folder created using the device type number. The folder should then be copied to the directory where DD files are stored. New DD files simply replace the old and work with all revisions of the same device.

128	Read Calibration Point
129	Write Calibration Point
130	Activate / Deactivate Sensor
131	Read Sensor Activation State
132	Read Base Unit Configuration String
133	Read Sensor Module Configuration String

 Table 7

#### 3.3.4 HART Command 128 Read Calibration Point

#### **Request bytes:**

Bytes	Format	Description	
None			

#### **Response byte:**

Bytes	Format	Description
0	Enum	Unites code (initially ppm) Refer to Common Tables Specification
1-4	Float	Concentration [ppm] of gas used during calibration

#### **Command Specific Response Code:**

Code	Class	Description
0	Success	No command specific errors



## 3.3.5 HART Command 129 Write Calibration Point

#### **Request bytes:**

Bytes	Format	Description
0	Enum	Unites code (initially ppm) Refer to Common Tables Specification
1-4	Float	Concentration [ppm] of gas used during calibration

#### **Request bytes:**

Bytes	Format	Description	
0	Enum	Unites code (initially ppm) Refer to Common Tables Specification	
1-4	Float	Concentration [ppm] of gas used during calibration	

#### **Command Specific Response Code:**

Code	Class	Description
0	Success	No command specific errors
1	Error	Unit code not supported
2	Error	Concentration too low
3	Error	Concentration too high
4	Error	Concentration not valid
5	Error	Incorrect number of data bytes received



### 3.3.6 HART Command 130 Activate / Deactivate Sensor

#### **Request bytes:**

Bytes	Format	Description
0	Enum	0 - Deactivate
		1 - Activate H <sub>2</sub> S
		2 - Activate as Methane

#### **Response byte:**

Bytes	Format	Description
0	Enum	0 - Deactivate
		1 - Activate H <sub>2</sub> S
		2 - Activate as Methane

#### **Command Specific Response Code:**

Code	e Class Description		
0	Success	No command specific errors	
1	Error	Wrong number of data bytes	
2	Error	Invalid selection	

Table 10

## 3.3.7 HART Command 131 Read Sensor Activation Rate

#### **Request bytes:**

Bytes	Format	Description	
None			

#### Response

bytes:			
Bytes	Format	Description	
0	Enum	0 - Deactivate	
		1 - Activate H <sub>2</sub> S	
		2 - Activate as Methane	

#### **Command Specific Response Code:**

Code	Class	Description
0	Success	No command specific errors



## 3.3.8 HART Command 132 Read Unit Configuration String

Bytes Format		Description
None		
Response	byte:	
Response   Bytes	byte: Format	Description

#### **Command Specific Response Code:**

Code	Class	Description
0	Success	No command specific errors

Table 12

#### 3.3.9 HART Command 133 Read Sensor Module Configuration String

<b>Request by</b>	tes:	Request bytes:			
Bytes	Format	Description			
None					
Response b	yte:				
Bytes					
0-39	Latin-1 Sensor Module Configuration Strin (e.g., H <sub>2</sub> S: 08035278 02 MIPEX-2_25.6				
Command S	Specific Response Code:				
Code	Class	Description			

No command specific errors

Table 13



Success

0

# **4.0 FIELD REPLACEMENT**

#### **4.1 Sensor Replacement**



The sensor is certified intrinsically safe. Sensor replacement may be performed in the field without a hot work permit.

Only *FLEX* sense<sup>™</sup> sensors provided by United Electric Controls are compatible with this device.

Do not attempt to disassemble the sensor as this could damage the sensor and void hazardous location approvals, and manufacturer warranty.

Sensors must be activated after installation.



When replacing the sensor, proper care should be taken to ensure that surrounding environment is free of toxic or combustible gases. It is recommended that other gas detection be deployed during sensor replacement to prevent explosion, serious injury or death.

Locate the *FLEX*sense<sup>TM</sup> sensor housing (see Figure 25) and remove the gas sensor assembly by firmly pulling downward and releasing it from the sensor unit (see Figure 26). Remove the new *FLEX*sense<sup>TM</sup> sensor from its package and follow the instructions from Section 2.2 Sensor Installation.

Note: It is not necessary to remove the battery during sensor replacement.

UE recommends performing the sensor calibration procedure as outlined in Section 3.2 Sensor Calibration & Bump Test.

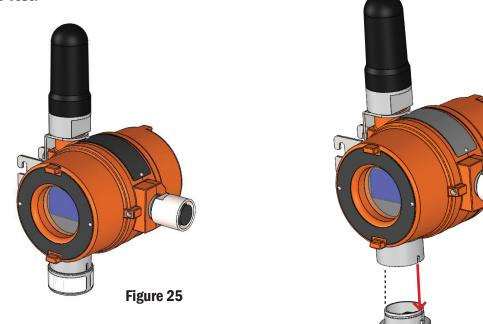




Figure 26

# **4.2 BATTERY REPLACEMENT**

The battery compartment cover must remain installed in the hazardous location. Battery replacement may only be performed in the safe area.

Only battery packs provided by United Electric Controls are compatible with this device.

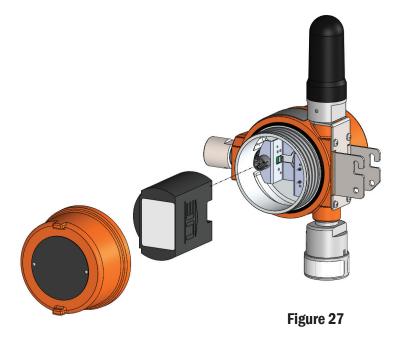
Batteries are not rechargeable.

Follow proper disposal regulations for lithium batteries as they apply to your jurisdiction.

During battery replacement, if the unit is powered down for more than 10 minutes, Hydrogen Sulfide  $(H_2S)$  sensors may be subject to the warm-up time described in Section 2.2, Table 2.

The sensor must be calibrated after battery replacement (see Section 3.2.1).

Locate the battery compartment and remove the battery compartment cover to expose the battery. Remove the battery by gripping the back of the battery pack and firmly pulling back from the enclosure, releasing it from the battery socket. Slide the battery pack out of the compartment (see Figure 27).



Remove the new battery from its packaging and follow steps 3-6, and 8 from Section 2.1 Battery Installation.



# **5.0 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE**

The Vanguard WirelessHART gas detector is used as part of a wireless mesh network that may communicate with other manufacturer's WirelessHART devices, Gateways, and control systems. The following provides troubleshooting suggestions for common operating problems that may be encountered.

## 5.1 Hardware

<b>SYMPTOM</b>	POSSIBLE CAUSES	RECOMMENDED ACTIONS
Sensor is not recognized by the device	Poor connection between sensor and device	Check the integrity of the 8-pin connector in the sensor. Pins must not be bent.
	Incorrect placement of sensor	Ensure that the sensor is completely snapped in place.
Device does not operate (i.e., device does not refresh even if button was pushed)	Battery not connected properly	Check the battery is seated properly in the battery compartment.
		Check the integrity of the 5-pin connector at the battery port. Pins must not be bent.
	Battery is dead	Check battery status on the display for available battery life.
		Replace battery.
Device unable to move beyond the idle or search mode	Incorrect Network ID and Join Key	Check the Network ID and Join Key and attempt rejoining network.
	Network is not self advertising	Check that the network is in the active network advertise mode.
		Power cycle device and try again.
Device is not responding to the calibration gas	Incorrect gas or gas concentration	Check gas type and concentration.
	Incorrect calibration	Review the Calibration procedure listed within on page 20.
	Poor gas delivery	Check gas delivery equipment components.
	Poor connection between sensor and device	Check the integrity of the 8-pin connector in the sensor.
		Ensure that the sensor is completely snapped into place.
		Replace the sensor.
LCD does not refresh	Extreme ambient temperature	Transfer device within temperature range -4°F (-20°C) to 140°F (60°C).
	Battery is dead	Check battery status on the display for available battery life. Replace battery if necessary.
	Battery not connected properly	Check the battery is seated properly in the battery compartment.
		Check the integrity of the 5-pin connector at the battery port.
LCD has slow refresh rate	Extreme ambient temperature	A slow refresh rate is normal at low temperature. This is intentional to enhance the viewing of the LCD.



# **5.2 Wireless Communication**

# Upon inputting the Network ID and Join Key, the device initializes connection with the network in the following phases. The phase status will be indicated on the device display.

- 1. Idle: The device is accepting configuration commands. Once it receives a join command, it proceeds to the Searching mode.
- 2. Searching: The device keeps its receiver activated while searching for available networks.
- 3. Negotiating: The device has detected the desired network and has received a join request from the network manager.
- **4. Connected:** The device has established connection with the network manager and has successfully joined the network. Data transfer is not possible yet.
- 5. **Operational:** The device has sufficient bandwidth for communication with the network manager. Data transfer can now occur.

**Note:** Use the following WirelessHART Commands to initialize the join process:

768 - Write Join Key

773 - Write Network ID

774 - Read Network ID

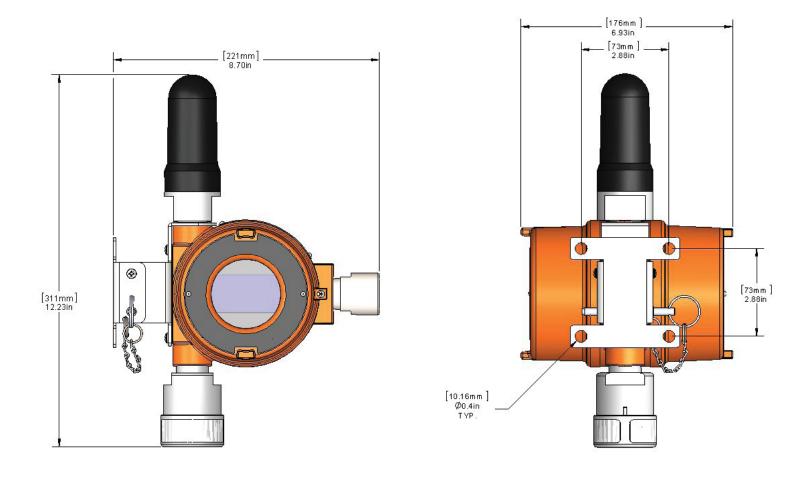
#### Possible issues during the connection process are highlighted in Table 15 below.

<b>SYMPTOM</b>	POSSIBLE CAUSES	RECOMMENDED ACTIONS
Device is not joining the network	Battery is not connected properly	Check that the battery is connected correctly. See Section 2.1 on battery installation.
	Incorrect Network ID and Join Key	Check the Network ID and Join Key
	Network is not self advertising	Check that the network is in the active network advertise mode
	Insufficient routing nodes	Check that the device is within the range of at least one other device in the mesh network. Add more wireless points
	Network is oversubscribed with devices	Check that the maximum devices on the network has not been exceeded
		Wait for at least 15 minutes after the start up
		Power cycle device and try again
Excessive network rejoins	Antenna issue	Send the device back to factory
		Check antenna signal strength on asset management system
	Unreliable routing nodes	Relocate device so it has multiple communication paths or add another node in between



# **6.0 DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS**

(CAD drawings may be found at www.ueonline.com)





# 7.0 APPENDIX

# 7.1 List of Figures

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2	1	Front view of Vanguard and feature call out
2	2	Rear view of Vanguard and feature call out
3	3	Vanguard with <i>FLEX</i> sense™ packaging
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6	5	Battery installation
6	6	Vanguard display showing 'Start' screen
7	7	Vanguard display showing "Standard' screen with H <sub>2</sub> S sensor
8	8	FLEXsense™ top view with locating pins
8	9	FLEXsense™ installation
12	10	Pipe mounting bracket hardware
12	11	Vertical mounting Vanguard to bracket plate
12	12	Securing Vanguard to bracket
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16	18	Rear view of battery compartment and HART terminal location
17	19	Idle command state with H <sub>2</sub> S sensor
17	20	Searching command state with H <sub>2</sub> S sensor
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20	24	Vanguard display showing 'Calibration Done' screen with H <sub>2</sub> S sensor
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# 7.2 List of Tables

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19	4	Measured variables
21	5	Supported Universal HART Commands
22	6	Supported Common Practice HART Commands
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23	8	Command 128 Read Calibration Point
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# 7.3 List of Graphs

Page	Graph	Description
11	1	Typical Cross Sensitivity for $CH_4$



Page(s)	Warning Text	Texte d'avertissement
1,11,19	This device is for monitoring and communicating gas concentration levels for data collection or record keeping and does not provide alarm signals.	Cet appareil est destiné à la surveillance et à la communication des niveaux de concentration de gaz pour la collecte de données ou la tenue de registres. Il n'émet pas de signal d'alarme.
1,19	Misuse of this device may cause explosion and/or personal injury. These instructions must be thoroughly read and understood prior to installation of the device.	Une mauvaise utilisation de cet appareil peut provoquer une explo- sion et/ou des blessures. Ces consignes doivent être lues attentive- ment et bien comprises avant l'installation de l'appareil.
1,19	The end-user is responsible for maintaining the device in full, operational condition.	L'utilisateur final est responsable de l'entretien de l'appareil afin d'assurer un bon état de fonctionnement à pleine capacité.
1,9	Hydrogen Sulfide $(H_2S)$ is an extremely toxic gas, and exposure may result in loss of consciousness or death.	Le sulfure d'hydrogène (H <sub>2</sub> S) est un gaz extrêmement toxique. Une exposition à ce gaz peut provoquer une perte de conscience, voire la mort.
1,9	Methane ( $CH_4$ ) is a greenhouse gas and is extremely flammable. Exposure in closed areas may cause explosion, and result in loss of consciousness or death.	Le méthane $(CH_4)$ est un gaz à effet de serre et est extrêmement inflammable. Une exposition à ce gaz dans un endroit confiné peut provoquer une explosion et entraîner une perte de conscience, voire la mort.
1	Avoid dropping the device as loosening of the threaded flame-proof joints or permanent damage may occur.	Éviter de faire tomber l'appareil. Ceci pourrait desserrer les joints filetés ignifuges ou endommager l'appareil de façon permanente.
1	New sensors must be calibrated after installation (see Section 3.2).	Les nouveaux capteurs doivent être étalonnés après l'installation (voir Section 3.2).
1	Hydrogen Sulfide $(H_2S)$ sensors require a warm-up period. Do not calibrate a new Hydrogen Sulfide $(H_2S)$ sensor immediately after installation or if the device had been powered down (see Section 2.2).	Les capteurs de détection du sulfure d'hydrogène ( $H_2S$ ) nécessitent une période de mise en route. Ne pas étalonner un nouveau capteur de sulfure d'hydrogène ( $H_2S$ ) immédiatement après son installation ou si l'appareil a été mis hors tension (voir Section 2.2).
1	When not in use, the device should be stored in a clean, dry area and within the temperature range listed within the device's environmental specifications.	Lorsqu'il n'est pas utilisé, l'appareil doit être stocké dans un endroit propre et sec et à une plage de températures donnée dans les spécifications environnementales de l'appareil.
3	Device is shipped without the sensor or battery installed. Both must be installed prior to use. See Section 2.0 Installation for further information.	L'appareil est livré sans que le capteur ni la batterie ne soient instal- lés. Les deux doivent être installés avant utilisation. Voir la Section 2.0 « Installation » pour de plus amples informations.
4,9,11	This device is suitable for Class I, Divisions 1 & 2, Groups C and D; or non-hazardous locations only20 °C (-4 °F) $\leq$ Tamb. $\leq$ 60 °C (140°F). Enclosure Type 4X (4X rating excludes sensors).	Cet appareil est uniquement adapté à une utilisation dans les lieux de Classe I, Divisions 1 et 2, de Groupes C et D ou non-dangereux. -20 °C (-4 °F) $\leq$ T amb. $\leq$ 60 °C (140 °F). Boîtier de type 4X (4X exclut les capteurs).
4,9,11	This device is ATEX and IECEx certified for equipment category 2. Suitable for appropriate use in gas zone 1.	Cet appareil est certifié ATEX et IECEx pour les équipements de catégorie 2. Convient à une utilisation appropriée dans une zone classée 1 (gaz).
4	The only field replaceable parts are the battery pack and <i>FLEX</i> sense <sup>TM</sup> sensor. Any substitution of components other than the battery pack and <i>FLEX</i> sense <sup>TM</sup> sensor will invalidate third-party issued approvals and certifications, and may impair suitability for Class I, Division 1 location.	Le pack batterie et le capteur <i>FLEX</i> sense <sup>™</sup> sont les seules parties pouvant être remplacées sur le terrain. Le remplacement de tout composant autre que le capteur <i>FLEX</i> sense <sup>™</sup> et le pack batterie invalidera toutes les approbations et certifications données par un tiers. L'appareil peut alors ne plus être adapté à une utilisation dans un lieu de Classe I, Division 1.



Page(s)	Warning Text	Texte d'avertissement
6,28	Only battery packs provided by United Electric Controls are compatible with this device.	Seuls les packs de batteries fournis par United Electric Controls sont compatibles avec cet appareil.
6	Battery should be removed and stored when the device is not in use.	Il est préférable de retirer la batterie et de la stocker séparément de l'appareil si celui-ci n'est pas utilisé.
6,28	Batteries are not rechargeable.	Les batteries ne sont pas rechargeables.
8,27	Only <i>FLEX</i> sense <sup>™</sup> sensors provided by United Electric Controls are compatible with this device.	Seuls les capteurs <i>FLEX</i> sense <sup>™</sup> fournis par United Electric Controls sont compatibles avec cet appareil.
8,27	Do not attempt to disassemble the sensor as this could damage the sensor and void hazardous location approvals, and manufacturer warranty.	Ne pas tenter de démonter le capteur. Ceci pourrait l'endommager et annuler les autorisations d'utilisation dans des endroits dangereux ainsi que la garantie de fabricant.
8,27	Sensors must be activated after installation.	Les capteurs doivent être activés après installation.
8	Hydrogen Sulfide $(H_2S)$ sensors require a warm-up period and must be allowed to stabilize prior to sensor calibration. Calibration is not recommended at temperatures above 35 °C.	Les capteurs de sulfure d'hydrogène ( $H_2S$ ) nécessitent une période de mise en marche et doivent se stabiliser avant tout étalonnage. L'étalonnage n'est pas recommandé à des températures supérieures à 35 °C.
9,12	This device must be mounted vertically with the sensor pointing downward.	Cet appareil doit toujours être installé à la verticale avec le capteur dirigé vers le bas.
9	For gases that are heavier than air, sensor installation is recommended near the ground and below the potential leak source.	Pour les gaz plus lourds que l'air, il est recommandé d'installer le capteur près du sol et au-dessous de la source de fuite potentielle.
9	For gases that are lighter than air, sensor installation is recommended near the ceiling (in an enclosed space) and above the potential leak source.	Pour les gaz plus légers que l'air, il est recommandé d'installer le capteur près du plafond (dans un espace clos) et au-dessus de la source de fuite potentielle.
11	Install device only into areas matching approvals on device labeling.	Installer l'appareil uniquement dans des zones correspondant aux recommandations inscrites sur l'étiquette de l'appareil.
11	Do not remove the front (painted aluminum and glass) cover in hazardous area.	Ne pas retirer la face avant de l'appareil (en verre et aluminium peint) en zone dangereuse.
11	Install the device where shock, vibration and temperature fluctua- tions are minimal. Do not mount in ambient temperatures that exceed the limits on the device labeling.	Installer l'appareil dans un endroit où les chocs, les vibrations et les variations de température sont minimes. Ne pas installer l'appareil dans un lieu où les températures ambiantes dépassent les limites indiquées sur l'étiquette de l'appareil.
11	To prevent seizure of enclosure cover, do not remove lubricant. Threads should also be free of dirt, etc.	Pour éviter que le couvercle ne se grippe, ne pas retirer le lubrifiant. Les filetages doivent également être propres, etc.
12	The mounting bracket attachment on this device is factory-installed and must not be removed as it may cause permanent damage to the antenna, the sensor assembly, and loosening of the threaded flame-proof joints. Removal will void hazardous location approvals, and manufacturer warranty.	La fixation du support de montage de cet appareil est installée en usine et ne doit pas être retirée. Cela pourrait endommager l'antenne et le bloc du capteur et desserrer les joints ignifuges filetés. Leur retrait annule toute garantie d'utilisation dans des zones dangereuses ainsi que la garantie du fabricant.



Page(s)	Warning Text	Texte d'avertissement
14	Wall mounting could affect the signal strength of the device.	Un montage mural pourrait affecter la puissance du signal de l'appareil.
15	This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules: may not cause harmful interference; must accept any interference, including that which may cause undesired operation of the device.	Cet appareil est conforme à la Section 15 du règlement FCC : ne doit pas provoquer d'interférences nuisibles ; doit accepter n'importe quelle interférence, y compris celles qui pourraient provoquer un dysfonctionnement de l'appareil.
15	To comply with IC RF exposure compliance requirements, the antenna used for this device must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20cm from all persons.	Afin de se conformer aux normes d'exposition RF d'Industrie Canada, l'antenne utilisée pour cet appareil doit être installée de façon à avoir une distance de séparation d'au moins 20 cm de toutes les personnes à proximité.
15	FCC ID SJC-ETERNA2 contains IC 5853(A)-ETERNA2 CE0976	FCC ID SJC-ETERNA2 contient IC 5853(A)-ETERNA2 CE0976
15	A Network ID and Join Key are required to communicate over the wireless network.	Un numéro d'identification de réseau et une clé de jonction sont nécessaires pour communiquer par le réseau sans fil.
15	Configuring the gas detection device in the hazardous area requires a suitable, approved intrinsically safe device (such as a handheld communicator, etc.). The entity parameters of the device being connected must be compatible with those of the gas detection device.	La configuration du système de détection de gaz dans la zone dangereuse nécessite un appareil à sécurité intrinsèque adapté et approuvé (tel qu'un communicateur portatif, etc.). Les paramètres d'entité de l'appareil à connecter doivent être compatibles avec ceux du système de détection de gaz.
15	Before connecting any device in the hazardous location, the following entity parameters must be verified:	Avant de connecter un appareil dans un lieu dangereux, il est impor- tant de vérifier les paramètres d'entité suivants :
19	Thoroughly read and understand all Safety Data Sheets (SDS) and warnings associated with gases used for calibration and/or bump testing.	Lire attentivement et bien comprendre toutes les fiches de données de sécurité (FDS) et les avertissements associés aux gaz utilisés pour l'étalonnage et/ou les tests de fiabilité.
19	During sensor calibration mode, the device is not operational or communicating data. Proper care should be taken to ensure that surrounding environment is free of toxic or combustible gases. It is recommended that other gas detection be deployed during sensor calibration and/or bump testing to prevent explosion, serious injury or death.	Pendant le mode d'étalonnage du capteur, l'appareil n'est pas opérationnel et ne fournit aucune donnée. Il est important de s'assurer que l'environnement ne contient aucun gaz toxique ou combustible. Il est recommandé d'utiliser un autre système de détection de gaz pendant l'étalonnage et/ou les tests de fiabilité du capteur' pour éviter tout risque d'explosion, de blessures graves ou de mort.
19	Sensors must be activated before use.	Les capteurs doivent être activés avant utilisation.
19,27	Hydrogen Sulfide (H <sub>2</sub> S) sensors require a warm-up period and must be allowed to stabilize prior to sensor calibration – see Section 2.2, Table 2. Calibration is not recommended at temperatures above 35°C.	Les capteurs de sulfure d'hydrogène ( $H_2S$ ) nécessitent une période de mise en marche et doivent se stabiliser avant tout étalonnage du capteur — voir Section 2.1, tableau 2. L'étalonnage n'est pas recom- mandé à des températures supérieures à 35°C.



Page(s)	Warning Text	Texte d'avertissement
27	The sensor is certified intrinsically safe. Sensor replacement may be performed in the field without a hot work permit.	Le capteur est certifié à sécurité intrinsèque. Le remplacement du capteur peut être effectué sur le terrain sans permis de travail à chaud.
27	When replacing the sensor, proper care should be taken to en- sure the surrounding environment is free of toxic or combustible gases. It is recommended that other gas detection be deployed during sensor replacement to prevent explosion, serious injury or death.	Il est important de s'assurer que l'environnement ne contient aucun gaz toxique ou combustible lors du remplacement du capteur. Il est recommandé d'utiliser un autre système de détection de gaz pen- dant le remplacement du capteur pour éviter tout risque d'explosion, de blessures graves ou de mort.
27	UE recommends performing the sensor calibration procedure as outlined in Section 3.0 Operation.	UE recommande d'effectuer la procédure d'étalonnage du capteur comme indiqué à la Section 3.0 « Fonctionnement ».
28	Follow proper disposal regulations for lithium batteries as they apply to your jurisdiction.	Suivre les règlements de votre juridiction pour une mise au rebut appropriée des batteries de lithium.
28	During battery replacement, if the unit is powered down for more than 10 minutes, Hydrogen Sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) sensors may be subject to the warm-up time described in Section 2.2, Table 2.	Lors du remplacement de la batterie, si l'appareil est mis hors tension pendant plus de 10 minutes, les capteurs de sulfure d'hydrogène (H <sub>2</sub> S) nécessiteront peut-être un temps de mise en marche, tel que décrit à la Section 2.2, tableau 2.
28	The sensor must be calibrated after battery replacement (see Section 3.2.1).	Le capteur doit être étalonné après le remplacement de la batterie (voir la Section 3.2.1).



#### **RECOMMENDED PRACTICES AND WARNINGS**

United Electric Controls Company recommends careful consideration of the following factors when specifying and installing UE pressure and temperature units. Before installing a unit, the Installation and Maintenance instructions provided with unit must be read and understood.

- To avoid damaging unit, proof pressure and maximum temperature limits stated in literature and on nameplates must never be exceeded, even by surges in the system. Operation of the unit up to maximum pressure or temperature is acceptable on a limited basis (e.g., start-up, testing) but continuous operation must be restricted to the designated adjustable range. Excessive cycling at maximum pressure or temperature limits could reduce sensor life.
- A back-up unit is necessary for applications where damage to a primary unit could endanger life, limb or property. A high or low limit switch is necessary for applications where a dangerous runaway condition could result.
- The adjustable range must be selected so that incorrect, inadvertent or malicious setting at any range point cannot result in an unsafe system condition.
- Install unit where shock, vibration and ambient temperature fluctuations will not damage unit or affect operation. When applicable, orient unit so that moisture does not enter the enclosure via the electrical connection. When appropriate, this entry point should be sealed to prevent moisture entry.
- Unit must not be altered or modified after shipment. Consult UE if modification is necessary.
- Monitor operation to observe warning signs of possible damage to unit, such as drift in set point or faulty display. Check unit immediately.
- Preventative maintenance and periodic testing is necessary for critical applications where damage could endanger property or personnel.
- Electrical ratings stated in literature and on nameplate must not be exceeded. Overload on a switch can cause damage, even on the first cycle. Wire unit according to local and national electrical codes, using wire size recommended in installation sheet.
- · Do not mount unit in ambient temp. Exceeding published limits.

#### LIMITED WARRANTY

Seller warrants that the product hereby purchased is, upon delivery, free from defects in material and workmanship and that any such product which is found to be defective in such workmanship or material will be repaired or replaced by Seller (Ex-works, Factory, Watertown, Massachusetts. INCOTERMS); provided, however, that this warranty applies only to equipment found to be so defective within a period of 24 months from the date of manufacture by the Seller (36 months for the Spectra 12 and One Series products; 18 months for Temperature Sensors). Seller shall not be obligated under this warranty for alleged defects which examination discloses are due to tampering, misuse, neglect, improper storage, and in any case where products are disassembled by anyone other than authorized Seller's representatives. EXCEPT FOR THE LIMITED WARRANTY OF REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT STATED ABOVE, SELLER DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES WHATSOEVER WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, INCLUDING ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

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